





A 5x10 grid of 50 small clusters of black dots. Each cluster represents a different pattern of dot distribution, likely generated by a random process. The patterns vary in the number of dots, their arrangement, and the density of the clusters. Some clusters are sparse, while others are more dense and compact.

Figure 1 displays a 3x12 grid of dot patterns. The first row shows the digits 0 through 9. The second row shows the digits 0 through 9, each with a small dot at the top-left position. The third row shows the digits 0 through 9, each with a small dot at the top-right position.

Figure 1 displays a 2x12 grid of dot patterns. The top row contains 12 patterns representing digits 0 through 9, followed by a blank space, and then digits 10 through 19. The bottom row contains 12 patterns representing digits 10 through 19, followed by a blank space, and then digits 20 through 29. Each digit is represented by a unique arrangement of black dots on a white background.

The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small dot patterns. Each pattern is a unique visual representation of a 10-bit binary string. The patterns are arranged in a grid where each row contains 10 patterns and each column contains 10 patterns. The patterns are generated by a random process, resulting in a diverse set of visual representations for each 10-bit binary string. The patterns are arranged in a grid where each row contains 10 patterns and each column contains 10 patterns. The patterns are generated by a random process, resulting in a diverse set of visual representations for each 10-bit binary string.