

The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 unique dot patterns. Each pattern is a 10x10 arrangement of dots, where the presence or absence of a dot at a specific position represents a binary digit (0 or 1). The patterns are arranged such that each row and each column contains 10 distinct patterns, representing all possible combinations of the 10 binary digits. The patterns are created by placing black dots on a white background, with the number of dots in each of the 10 positions corresponding to the binary value of that digit.

A 20x20 grid of black dots on a white background. The dots are arranged in a sparse, irregular pattern, forming a larger, faint structure that resembles a stylized letter or symbol. The pattern is denser in some areas and sparser in others, with a general trend of increasing density from left to right and top to bottom.

A 3x10 grid of dots representing a sparse matrix. The dots are arranged in a pattern that suggests a banded structure with some off-diagonal elements.

A 3x3 grid of dots. The dots are arranged in three rows and three columns. The bottom-left dot is missing, leaving a 2x2 square of dots in the top-right area.

