

The image displays a 16x16 grid of 256 small clusters of black dots on a white background. Each cluster is a unique arrangement of dots, representing a specific 16-bit binary value. The clusters are organized into four groups of four rows each, with each group having a unique marker on the left margin: a vertical line of four dots (rows 1-4), a vertical line of two dots (rows 5-8), a vertical line of one dot (rows 9-12), and a vertical line of three dots (rows 13-16).

[illegible]

A 3x3 grid of dots. The top row has two dots, the middle row has two dots, and the bottom row has two dots. The dot at the bottom-left position is missing.



The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small dot patterns. Each pattern is a unique combination of 10 binary digits (0s and 1s). The patterns are arranged in rows and columns, with each row containing 10 patterns and each column containing 10 patterns. The patterns are created by placing black dots on a white background, with the number of dots in each of the 10 positions corresponding to the binary value of that digit. The patterns are arranged in a way that each row and column contains a unique set of patterns, representing all possible combinations of 10 binary digits.

A 3x3 grid of dots. The dots are located at the following positions (row, column): (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3), (3,1), (3,2), (3,3).





