

The figure consists of seven sub-diagrams arranged horizontally, each showing a cluster of points (dots) on a grid. The clusters grow in size and complexity from left to right. The first cluster is a small group of 5 points. The second is a group of 7 points. The third is a group of 10 points. The fourth is a group of 12 points. The fifth is a group of 15 points. The sixth is a group of 18 points. The seventh is a group of 20 points.

Figure 1 displays a 3x10 grid of dot patterns representing the digits 0-9. The first row shows the digits in a standard 10-dot grid. The second row shows the digits in a 2x5 grid. The third row shows the digits in a 3x3 grid.

A 3x10 grid of 30 small, stylized human figures in various poses, representing the 30 days of the year.

The figure consists of a 3x10 grid of small plots. Each plot shows a set of points (dots) arranged in a way that suggests a progression or evolution of a system. The points are black dots on a white background. The arrangement of points varies across the rows and columns, with some plots showing more points than others, and the points themselves appearing to move or change in their relative positions from one plot to the next. The overall pattern suggests a complex, non-linear process being tracked over time or across different parameters.

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The image displays a 100x100 grid of dots. The dots are arranged in a pattern that suggests a specific mathematical structure, possibly a banded matrix or a matrix with a specific symmetry. The dots are black on a white background.