

The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small dot patterns. Each pattern is a unique combination of 10 binary digits (0s and 1s). The patterns are arranged in a 10x10 grid, with each row and column containing 10 distinct patterns. The patterns are created by placing black dots on a white background, with the number of dots in each row and column corresponding to the binary value of the digit.

A 4x10 grid of 40 small black dots arranged in a sparse, irregular pattern, resembling a stylized representation of a face or a specific data set.

Age Group	Male (Black Dots)	Female (White Dots)
18-24	1	2
25-34	2	3
35-44	3	4
45-54	4	5
55-64	5	6
65-74	6	7
75-84	7	8
85-94	8	9

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The figure consists of 10 sub-diagrams arranged horizontally, each showing a pattern of black dots on a grid. The patterns evolve from left to right, starting with a small cluster of dots and growing into a more complex, branching structure.

Figure 1 shows a 2D grid of 10x10 cells. The top row is labeled with time steps 0 through 9. The grid contains black dots representing the state of the cells at each time step. The pattern starts as a small cluster at time 0 and grows into a complex, branching structure by time 9.

A 3x3 grid of dots. The top row has two dots in the first and second columns. The middle row has one dot in the first column. The bottom row has two dots in the first and second columns. The dot in the top-right position (row 1, column 3) is missing.

The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small dot patterns. Each pattern is a 10x10 grid of dots, where each dot is either present (1) or absent (0). The patterns are arranged in rows and columns, with each row containing 10 patterns and each column containing 10 patterns. The patterns are generated by a 10x10 grid of 100 small dots, where each dot is either present (1) or absent (0). The patterns are arranged in rows and columns, with each row containing 10 patterns and each column containing 10 patterns. The patterns are generated by a 10x10 grid of 100 small dots, where each dot is either present (1) or absent (0).

The image displays a 4x10 grid of 40 unique dot patterns, each representing a 10-bit binary code. The patterns are arranged in four rows of ten. Each pattern consists of black dots on a white background, with the number of dots corresponding to the number of '1's in the binary code. The patterns are designed to be easily distinguishable from each other.

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