

The image displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small dot patterns. Each pattern is a 10x10 grid of dots, where each dot is either present (representing a '1') or absent (representing a '0'). The patterns are arranged in a grid where each row and column contains all possible combinations of the 10 digits. This is a visual representation of a 10-bit binary space, where each pattern corresponds to a unique 10-bit binary number.

Day	Number of People
Monday	2
Tuesday	3
Wednesday	4
Thursday	5
Friday	6
Saturday	7
Sunday	8

• •

This image displays a 5x10 grid of 50 small, irregular black shapes. These shapes are scattered across the grid, with some appearing as single pixels and others as small clusters. The overall pattern is noisy and does not form a recognizable letter or figure.

A 5x10 grid of 50 small clusters of black dots, each cluster representing a different character from the 50 most common characters in the Chinese language. The clusters are arranged in five rows and ten columns. Each cluster is a unique pattern of dots, designed to be recognizable even when the dots are blurred or the image is low-resolution.

The image displays a 7x10 grid of 70 small dot patterns. Each pattern consists of 7 dots arranged in a 3x3 grid, with the center dot always being active. The patterns represent all possible combinations of the 6 outer dots being active or inactive, totaling 2^6 = 64 patterns. The patterns are arranged in rows and columns, showing various combinations of the 7 dots being active or inactive.

