ُوَهَذِهِ هِيَ الأَحْكَامُ الَّتِي تَضَعُ أَمَامَهُمْ، ²إِذَا اشْتَرَيْتَ عَبْداً عِبْرَانِيّاً فَسِتَّ سِنِينَ يَخْدِمُ، وَفِي السَّابِعَةِ يَخْرُجُ حُرّاً مَجَّاناً. ۚ إِنْ دَخَلَ وَحْدَهُ فَوَحْدَهُ يَخْرُجُ. إِنْ كَانَ بَعْلَ امْرَأُقِ، تَخْرُجُ اَمْرَأَتُهُ مَعَهُ. 4إِنْ أَعْطَاهُ سَيِّدُهُ امْرَأَةً وَوَلَدَتْ لَهُ بَنِينَ أَوْ بَنَاتِ، فَالْمَرْأَةُ وَأَوْلاَدُهَا يَكُونُونَ لِسَيِّدِهِ، وَهُوَ يَخْرُجُ وَحْدَهُ. وَلَكِنْ إِنْ قَالَ الْعَبْدُ، أُحِبُّ سَيِّدي وَامْرَأْتِي وَأُوْلاَدِي. لاَ أُخْرُجُ حُرّاً ۖ يُقَدِّمُهُ سَيِّدُهُ إِلَى إِللَّهِ وَيُقَرِّبُهُ إِلَى الْبَابِ أَوْ إِلَى الْقَائِمَةِ، وَيَثْقُبُ سَيِّدُهُ أَذُنَهُ بِالْمِثْقَبِ، فَيَخْدِمُهُ إِلَى الأَبَدِ. وَإِذَا بَاعَ رَجُلٌ ابْنَتَهُ أُمَةً، لاَ تَخْرُجُ كَمَا يَخْرُجُ الْعَبِيدُ. ْإِنْ قِبُحَتْ فِي عَيْنَيْ سَيِّدِهَا الَّذِي خَطَبَهَا لِنَفْسِهِ يَدَعُهَا تُفَكَّ. وَلَيْسَ لَهُ سُلْطَانٌ أَنْ يَبِيعَهَا لِقَوْم أَجَانِبَ لِغَدْرِهِ بِهَا. ْوَإِنْ خَطَبَهَا لِإِبْنِهِ فَبِحَسَبِ حَقِّ الْبَنَاتِ يَفْعَلُ لَهَا. أَأَلِ التَّخَذَ لِنَفْسه أَخْرَى، لاَ يُنَقِّصُ طَعَامَهَا وَكِسْوَتَهَا وَمُعَاشَرَتَهَا. أُوَإِنْ لَمْ يَفْعَلْ لَهَا هَذِهِ الثَّلاَثَ تَخْرُجُ مَجَّاناً بِلاَ ثَمَن.¹²مَنْ ضَرَبَ إِنْسَاناً فَمَاتَ يُقْتَلُ قَتْلاً. 13 وَلَكِنَّ الَّذِي لَمْ يَتَعَمَّدُ، بَلْ أَوْقَعَ اللَّهُ فِي يَدِه، فَأَنَا أَجْعَلُ لَكَ مَكَاناً يَهْرُبُ إِلَيْهِ. 14وَإِذَا بَغَى إِنْسَانٌ عَلَى صَاحِبهِ لِيَقْتُلَـهُ بِغَـدْرِ فَمِينْ عَنْدِ مَـذْبَحِي تَأْخُـدُهُ لِلْمَوْتِ. 15 وَمَنْ ضَرَبَ أَبَاهُ أَوْ أُمَّهُ يُقْتَلُ قَتْلاً. 16 وَمَنْ سَرِقَ إِنْسَاناً وَبَاعَهُ، أَوْ وُجِدَ فِي يَدِهِ، يُقْتَلُ قَتْلاً. 17وَمَنْ شَتَمَ أَيَاهُ أَوْ أُمَّـهُ يُقْتَـلُ قَتْلاً. 18 وَإِذَا تَخَاصَـمَ رَجُلاَن فَضَـرَبَ أَحَدُهُمَا الآخَرَ بِحَجَرِ أَوْ بِلَكْمَةِ وَلَمْ يُقْتَلْ بَلْ سَقَطَ فِي الْفِرَاشِ، 19فَإِنْ قَامَ وَتَمَشَّى خَارِجاً عَلَى عُكَّازِهِ يَكُونُ الضَّارِبُ بَرِيئاً. إلاَّ أَنَّهُ يُعَـوِّضُ عُطْلَتَهُ، وَيُنْفِقُ عَلَى شفَائِه. 20 وَإِذَا ضَرَبَ إِنْسَانٌ عَبْدَهُ أَوْ أَمَتَهُ بِالْغَصَا فَمَاتَ تَحْتَ يَدِه َيُثْتَقَمُ مِنْهُ.²¹لَكِنْ إِنْ بَقِيَ يَوْماً أَوْ يَوْمَيْنِ لاَ يُثْتَقَمُ مِنْهُ لأَنَّهُ مَالُهُ.22وَإِذَا تَخَاْصَمَ رِجَالٌ وَصَدَمُوا امْرَأَةً حُبْلَى فَسَقَطَ وَلَدُهَا وَلَمْ تَحْصُلْ أَذَيَّةُ، يُغَرَّمُ كَمَا يَضَعُ عَلَيْهِ زَوْجُ الْمَرْأَةِ، وَيَدْفَعُ عَنْ يَدِ الْقُصَاةِ.23 وَإِنْ حَصَلَتْ أَذَنَّةُ تُعْطَى نَفْساً بِنَفْس، ²⁴وَعَيْناً بِعَيْن، وَسِنَّاً بِسِنًّ، وَيَداً بِيَدٍ، وَرِجْلاً بِرِجْلِ، 25ُوَكَيُّاً بِكَيٍّ، وَجُرُّحاً بِجُـرْح، وَرَضّاً بِرَضٍّ 26 وَإِذَا ضَرَبَ إِنْسَانٌ عَيْنَ عَبْدِه أَوْ عَيَّنَ أَمَتِه فَأَثْلَفَهَا، يُطْلِقُهُ حُرّاً عِوَضاً عَنْ عَيْنِهِ.27 وَإِنْ أَسْقَطَ سِنَّ عَبْدِهِ أَوْ سِنَّ أَمَتِهِ يُطْلِقُهُ خُرِّاً عِوَضاً عَنْ سِنِّهِ. 28 وَإِذَا نَطَحَ ثَوْرٌ رَجُلاً أو امْرَأَةً فَمَاتَ، يُرْجَمُ الثَّوْرُ وَلاَ يُؤْكِّلُ لَحْمُهُ. وَأُمَّا صَاحِبُ النَّوْرِ فَيَكُونُ بَرِيئاً. 29 وَلَكِنْ إِنْ كَانَ تَوْراً نَطَّاحاً مِنْ قَبْلُ، وَقَدْ أَشْهِدَ عَلَى صَاحِبِهِ وَلَمْ يَصْبطْهُ فَقَتَلَ رَجُلاً أَوِ امْرَأَةً، فَالنَّوْرُ يُرْجَمُ وَصَاحِبُهُ أَيْضاً

¹Now these are the judgments which thou shalt set before them. If thou buy an Hebrew servant, six years he shall serve: and in the seventh he shall go out free for nothing. If he came in by himself, he shall go out by himself: if he were married, then his wife shall go out with him. 4If his master have given him a wife, and she have born him sons or daughters; the wife and her children shall be her master's, and he shall go out by himself. 5 And if the servant shall plainly say, I love my master, my wife, and my children; I will not go out free: Then his master shall bring him unto the judges; he shall also bring him to the door, or unto the door post; and his master shall bore his ear through with an aul; and he shall serve him for ever. And if a man sell his daughter to be a maidservant, she shall not go out as the menservants do. 8If she please not her master, who hath betrothed her to himself, then shall he let her be redeemed: to sell her unto a strange nation he shall have no power, seeing he hath dealt deceitfully with her. And if he have betrothed her unto his son, he shall deal with her after the manner of daughters. 10 If he take him another wife; her food, her raiment, and her duty of marriage, shall he not diminish. 11 And if he do not these three unto her, then shall she go out free without money. 12 He that smiteth a man, so that he die, shall be surely put to death. 13 And if a man lie not in wait, but God deliver him into his hand: then I will appoint thee a place whither he shall flee. 14 But if a man come presumptuously upon his neighbour, to slav him with guile;

يُقْتَلُ. أَنَّ وَضِعَتْ عَلَيْهِ فِدْيَةُ يَدْفَعُ فِدَاءَ نَفْسِهِ كُلُّ مَا يُوضَعُ عَلَيْهِ. أَنَّا اَوْ نَطَحَ ابْنَةً فَبِحَسَبِ هَذَا الْحُكْمِ يُفْعَلُ بِهِ. أَوْ إِذَا نَطَحَ النَّا أَوْ نَطَحَ ابْنَةً فَبِحَسَبِ هَذَا الْحُكْمِ يُفْعَلُ بِهِ. أَوْ إِنْ نَطَحَ النَّوْرُ عَبْداً أَوْ أَمَةً، يُعْطِي الْحُكْمِ يُفْعَلُ بِهِ. أَوْ إِنْ نَطَحَ النَّوْرُ يُرْجَمُ. أَوْ إِذَا فَتَحَ إِنْسَانُ بِثَراً وَلَمْ يُغَطِّهِ، فَوَقَعَ فِيهِ ثَوْرُ إِنْسَانُ بِثَراً وَلَمْ يُغَطِّهِ، فَوَقَعَ فِيهِ ثَوْرُ إِنْسَانُ بِثَراً وَلَمْ يُغَطِّهِ فَوَقَعَ فِيهِ ثَوْرُ وَالْمَيِّتُ فَوَقَعَ فِيهِ ثَوْرُ وَالْمَيِّتُ يَكُونُ لَهُ عَلَيْ مَنْ الْبَيْرِ يُعَوِّضُ وَيَرُدُّ فِضَةً لِصَاحِبِهِ وَالْمَيِّتُ يَكُونُ لَمُ الْحَيَّ وَيَقْتَسِمَانِ ثَمْنَهُ. وَالْمَيِّتُ أَيْضًا وَلَمْ يَعْطُهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَمْ يَقْتَسِمَانِ ثَمْنَهُ. وَالْمَيِّتُ أَيْضًا وَلَمْ يَقَوْرُ مَطَّاحُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَمْ يَقَتْسِمَانِ ثَمْنَهُ. وَالْمَيِّتُ أَيْنُ وَلَمْ يَقْسَمَانِهِ مَا أَنَّهُ تَوْرُ مَطَّاحُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَمْ يَقْسَمَانِهِ مَا أَنَّهُ تَوْرُ مَطَّاحُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَمْ يَقْطُهُ مَا حِبُهُ، يُعَوِّضُ عَنِ الثَّوْرِ بِتَوْرُ وَالْمَيِّتُ يَكُونُ لَهُ.

thou shalt take him from mine altar, that he may die. 15 And he that smiteth his father, or his mother, shall be surely put to death. And he that stealeth a man, and selleth him, or if he be found in his hand, he shall surely be put to death. ¹⁷ And he that curseth his father, or his mother, shall surely be put to death. ¹⁸ And if men strive together, and one smite another with a stone, or with his fist, and he die not, but keepeth his bed: 19 If he rise again, and walk abroad upon his staff, then shall he that smote him be guit: only he shall pay for the loss of his time, and shall cause him to be thoroughly healed. 20 And if a man smite his servant, or his maid, with a rod, and he die under his hand; he shall be surely punished. 21 Notwithstanding, if he continue a day or two, he shall not be punished: for he is his money. 22 If men strive, and hurt a woman with child, so that her fruit depart from her, and yet no mischief follow: he shall be surely punished, according as the woman's husband will lay upon him; and he shall pay as the judges determine. And if any mischief follow, then thou shalt give life for life, ²⁴Eye for eye, tooth for tooth, hand for hand, foot for foot, 25 Burning for burning, wound for wound, stripe for stripe. 26 And if a man smite the eve of his servant, or the eye of his maid, that it perish; he shall let him go free for his eye's sake. And if he smite out his manservant's tooth, or his maidservant's tooth; he shall let him go free for his tooth's sake.²⁸If an ox gore a man or a woman, that they die: then the ox shall be surely stoned, and his flesh shall not be eaten: but the owner of the ox shall be guit.²⁹But if the ox were

Exodus 21

wont to push with his horn in time past, and it hath been testified to his owner, and he hath not kept him in, but that he hath killed a man or a woman; the ox shall be stoned, and his owner also shall be put to death. 30 If there be laid on him a sum of money, then he shall give for the ransom of his life whatsoever is laid upon him. 31 Whether he have gored a son, or have gored a daughter, according to this judgment shall it be done unto him. ³²If the ox shall push a manservant or a maidservant; he shall give unto their master thirty shekels of silver, and the ox shall be stoned. 33 And if a man shall open a pit, or if a man shall dig a pit, and not cover it, and an ox or an ass fall therein;³⁴The owner of the pit shall make it good, and give money unto the owner of them; and the dead beast shall be his. And if one man's ox hurt another's, that he die; then they shall sell the live ox, and divide the money of it; and the dead ox also they shall divide. 36 Or if it be known that the ox hath used to push in time past, and his owner hath not kept him in; he shall surely pay ox for ox; and the dead shall be his own.