¹For every high priest taken from among men is ordained for men in things pertaining to God, that he may offer both gifts and sacrifices for sins: Who can have compassion on the ignorant, and on them that are out of the way; for that he himself also is compassed with infirmity. And by reason hereof he ought, as for the people, so also for himself, to offer for sins. And no man taketh this honour unto himself, but he that is called of God, as was Aaron. So also Christ glorified not himself to be made an high priest; but he that said unto him, Thou art my Son, to day have I begotten thee. As he saith also in another place, Thou art a priest for ever after the order of Melchisedec. Who in the days of his flesh, when he had offered up prayers and supplications with strong crying and tears unto him that was able to save him from death, and was heard in that he feared; Though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience by the things which he suffered; And being made perfect, he became the author of eternal salvation unto all them that obey him; ¹⁰Called of God an high priest after the order of Melchisedec. 11 Of whom we have many things to say, and hard to be uttered, seeing ve are dull of hearing. 12 For when for the time ye ought to be teachers, ye have need that one teach you again which be the first principles of the oracles of God; and are become such as have need of milk, and not of strong meat. 13 For every one that useth milk is unskilful in the word of righteousness: for he is a babe. 14 But strong meat belongeth to them that are of full age, even those who by reason of use

النَّاسِ فِي مَا لِلهِ، لِكَيْ يُقَدِّمَ قَرَابِينَ وَدَبَائِحَ عَنِ النَّاسِ فِي مَا لِلهِ، لِكَيْ يُقَدِّمَ قَرَابِينَ وَدَبَائِحَ عَنِ الْخَطَايَا ُ قَادِراً أَنْ يَتَرَقَّقَ بِالْجُهَّالِ وَالطَّالِّينَ إِذْ هُوَ أَيْضاً الْخَطَايَا ُ وَالطَّالِّينَ إِذْ هُوَ أَيْضاً الْخَطَايَا لَأَجْلِ الشَّعْفِ، وَلِهَذَا الصَّعْفِ يَلْتَزِمُ أَنَّهُ كَمَا يُقَدِّمُ عَنِ الْخَطَايَا لَأَجْلِ الشَّعْفِ، وَلِهَذَا الصَّعْفِ يَلْتَزِمُ أَنَّهُ كَمَا يُقَدِّمُ عَنِ الْخَطَايَا لَأَجْلِ الشَّعْفِ، وَلِهَذَا الصَّعْفِ يَلْتَزِمُ أَنَّهُ كَمَا يُقَدِّمُ عَنِ اللهِ، كَمَا أَحَدُ هَذِهِ الْوَظِيفَةَ بِنَفْسِهِ بَلِ المَدْعُوُّ مِنَ اللهِ، كَمَا أَحَدُ هَذِهِ الْوَظِيفَةَ بِنَفْسِهِ بَلِ المَدْعُوُّ مِنَ اللهِ، كَمَا أَحُدُ هَوْ أَيْضٍ، أَنَا الْيُومَ وَلِيسَ كَهَا يَقُولُ أَيْضاً فِي مَوْضِعٍ آخَرَ: "أَنْتَ ابْنِي، أَنَا الْيُومَ وَلَيْسِيمُ أَيْسَا فِي مَوْضِعٍ آخَرَ: "أَنْتَ كَاهِنُ وَلَيْسِيمُ أَيْسَا كَهَا الْيَوْمَ وَلَابَاتٍ وَتَصَرُّعَ الْكِي صَادِقَ ". اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهَ عَلَى اللّهَ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهَ عَلَى الطَّاعَة مِمَّا تَأَلَّمَ بِهِ، وَإِذْ كُمِّلَ اللّهِ عَلَى الْذِينَ يُطِيعُونَهُ سَبَتَ خَلَاصٍ أَبِدِيً وَالْ كُونَ وَاللهِ الْوَلْ كُمِّلَ اللّهِ الْذِينَ يُطِيعُونَهُ سَبَتَ خَلَاصٍ أَبِدِيً أَلْكِي صَادِقَ ". وَاللهِ: "رَئِيسَ كَهَةٍ عَلَى الطَّاعَة مِمَّا تَأَلَّمَ بِهِ، وَإِذْ كُمُّلَ، مَاللهِ: "رَئِيسَ كَهَةٍ عَلَى رُبْبَةِ مَلْكِي صَادِقَ".

التحذير من التباطئ والسقوط من الإيمان التَّقْسِيرِ التَّقْسِيرِ عِنْدَنَا وَعَسِرُ التَّقْسِيرِ النَّقْسِيرِ النَّاكُمُ، إِذَّ قَدْ صِرْتُمْ مُتِبَاطِئِي المَسَامِعِ. الْأَتَّكُمْ، إِذَّ كَانَ يَنْبَغِي أَنْ يَكُونُوا مُعَلِّمِينَ لِسَبَبِ طُولِ الرَّمَانِ، كَانَ يَنْبَغِي أَنْ يُعَلِّمَكُمْ أَحَدُ مَا هِيَ أَرْكَانُ بَدَاءَةِ أَقْوَالِ اللهِ وَصِرْتُمْ مُحْتَاجِينَ إِلَى اللَّبَنِ لاَ إِلَى طَعَامٍ قَويٍّ. اللَّنَ كُلَّ وَصِرْتُمْ مُحْتَاجِينَ إِلَى اللَّبَنِ لاَ إِلَى طَعَامٍ قَويٍّ. اللَّنِّ لاَ يَلَى مَنَاوَلُ اللَّبِرِ، لاَنَّهُ مَنْ يَتَنَاوَلُ اللَّبَنِ هُوَ عَدِيمُ الْخِبْرَةِ فِي كَلاَمِ الْبِرِّ، لأَنَّهُ مَلْ يَتَاوَلُ اللَّبَنِ لاَ إِلَى طَعَامٍ قَويٍّ اللَّبِرِ، لاَنَّهُ مَنْ يَتَنَاوَلُ اللَّبَنِ لاَ إِلَى طَعَامٍ قَويً يَكلاً مِلْبَرِ، للنَّهُ عَلَى النَّمْيِيزِ بَيْنَ بِسَبَبِ النَّمْيُنِ تَقْمُ الْحَوَاسُّ مُدَرَّبَةً عَلَى النَّمْيِيزِ بَيْنَ اللَّمْيِيزِ بَيْنَ اللَّمْيِيزِ بَيْنَ اللَّمْيُرِ وَالشَّرِّ.

have their senses exercised to discern both good and evil.